Mastering NT Greek

13. Third Declension Nouns

By Ted Hildebrandt © 2003
Baker Academic
Review Present Active (PAI) verbs

λύω I loose
λύεστε You loose
λύει He/she looses

λύουμεν We loose
λύετε You all loose
λύουσιν They loose
**Present Middle/Passive Indicative**

- λύομαι, -όμεθα,  
  -η, -εσθε,  
  -εται, -ονται

- I loose myself [Mid.] // I am loosed [Pas.]
Review the Future Active (FAI)

- λύσω
  I will loose
- λύσεις
  You will loose
- λύσει
  He/she/it will loose
- λύσομεν
  We will loose
- λύσετε
  You all will loose
- λύσουσιν
  They will loose

- Remember the “lemoners”
  no sigma → circumflex

- Dentals/Sibilants drop,
  labials → ψ, velars → ξ
Review the Future Middle (FMI)

- λύσομαι --ομεθα
- η --εσθε
- εται --ονται

I will loose for myself (Dep. = active)
Review Imperfect Active (IAI)

- ἔλυομεν
  I was loosing
  We were loosing
- ἔλυες
  You were loosing
  You all were loosing
- ἔλυε(ν)
  He/she/it was loosing
  They were loosing

Learn: ἔλυομεν: ν, σ, ε, μεν, τε, ν
Imperfect Middle/Passive (IM/PI)

- ἐλυόμην
  I was being loosed
- ἐλύου
  You were being loosed
- ἐλύετο
  He/she/it was being loosed

- ἐλυόμεθα
  We were being loosed
- ἐλύεσθε
  You all were being loosed
- ἐλύοντο
  They were being loosed

Learn: ἐλυόμην:
  ου, ετό, ομεθα, εσθε, οντο
### 2-1-2 Noun Forms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2</th>
<th>1</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>λόγος</td>
<td>γραφή</td>
<td>ἱερόν</td>
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<tr>
<td>λόγου</td>
<td>γραφῆς</td>
<td>ἱεροῦ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>λόγῳ</td>
<td>γραφῆ</td>
<td>ἱερῷ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>λόγον</td>
<td>γραφήν</td>
<td>ἱερόν</td>
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<tr>
<td>λόγοι</td>
<td>γραφαί</td>
<td>ἱερᾶ</td>
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<td>λόγων</td>
<td>γραφῶν</td>
<td>ἱερῶν</td>
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<tr>
<td>λόγοις</td>
<td>γραφαῖς</td>
<td>ἱεροῖς</td>
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<tr>
<td>λόγους</td>
<td>γραφάς</td>
<td>ἱερά</td>
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## First Person Personal Pronoun

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Case</th>
<th>Singular</th>
<th>Plural</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nom.</td>
<td>ἐγώ</td>
<td>συ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gen.</td>
<td>μοι</td>
<td>σοῦ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dat.</td>
<td>μοι</td>
<td>σοι</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc.</td>
<td>με</td>
<td>σε</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

αὐτός, αὐτή, αὐτό = he, she, it
Demonstrative and Relative Pronouns Summary

- ἐκείνος, ἐκείνη, ἐκείνο = that
- οὗτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο
  τοῦτος, ταύτης, τοῦτου = this
- ὁς, ἦς, ὃς = Relative (who, which)
  οὖν, ἦς, οὖν
The "is" verb PAI -- ειμί

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ειμί</th>
<th>I am</th>
<th>ἐσμέν</th>
<th>we are</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>εἶ</td>
<td>you are</td>
<td>ἐστέ</td>
<td>you are</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ἐστίν</td>
<td>he/she/it is</td>
<td>ἐσί</td>
<td>they are</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Imperfect Being (IAI): ἐγώ, ἐγό, ἐγό

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ἐγώ</th>
<th>ἐγό</th>
<th>ἐγό</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I was</td>
<td>We were</td>
<td>You all were</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ἦσ</td>
<td>ἦσ</td>
<td>ἦσ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You were</td>
<td>You were</td>
<td>They were</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ἦν</td>
<td>ἦν</td>
<td>ἦν</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He/she/it was</td>
<td>He/she/it was</td>
<td>He/she/it was</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Rapping the Lord’s Prayer

- Πάτερ ἡμῶν ὁ ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς.
  - father our the one in heaven
- ἀγιασθῆτω τὸ ὄνομα σου.
  - make holy name your
- ἔλθετω ἡ βασιλεία σου.
  - let come kingdom your
- γενηθῆτω τὸ θέλημά σου.
  - let be will your
Introduction to Third Declension Nouns

- **Second declension:** omicron ending nouns (usually masculine or neuter – λόγος, but ὄδός, ἥ)
- **First declension:** eta or alpha ending nouns (usually feminine – γραφή but προφήτης, οὐ, ὁ)
- **Third declension:** consonant ending nouns (χάρις, πίστις, ὄνομα)
- **Built off the genitive:** take the ὅς off the genitive ending to get the stem
Stop transformations

- **Labials:** \( \pi, \beta, \) or \( \phi + \sigma = \psi \)
- **Velars:** \( \kappa, \, \gamma, \) or \( \chi + \sigma = \xi \)
- **Dentals:** \( \tau, \, \delta, \) or \( \theta + \sigma = \sigma \)
- **Same as Future transformations**
3 Third Declension Nouns to Master

- χάρις, χάριτος, ἥ = grace (τ/δ stem)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Singular</th>
<th>Plural</th>
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<tr>
<td>Nom.</td>
<td>χάρις</td>
<td>χάριτες</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gen.</td>
<td>χάριτος</td>
<td>χαρίτων</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dat.</td>
<td>χάριτι</td>
<td>χάρισι(ν)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc.</td>
<td>χάριτα (χάριν)</td>
<td>χάριτας</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- χάριν is an alternate accusative form.
- Chant this one.
3 Third Declension Nouns to Master

- πίστις, πίστεως, ή = faith (1 stem)

- Singular
- Plural
- Nom. πίστις
- πίστεις
- Gen. πίστεως
- πίστεων
- Dat. πίστει
- πίστεσι(ν)
- Acc. πίστιν
- πίστεις
- Chant this one.
3 Third Declension Nouns to Master

- ὄνομα, ὄνοματος, τό = name (ματ stem)

<table>
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<th>Plural</th>
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<td>Nom.</td>
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<td>ὄνοματα</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gen.</td>
<td>ὄνοματος</td>
<td>ὄνοματων</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dat.</td>
<td>ὄνοματι</td>
<td>ὄνομασι(ν)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc.</td>
<td>ὄνομα</td>
<td>ὄνοματα</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

- Chant this one.
3rd Declension Chantables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Greek</th>
<th>Greek</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>χαρίς</td>
<td>ὄνομα</td>
<td>πίστις</td>
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<tr>
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<td>πίστει</td>
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<tr>
<td>χάριτα</td>
<td>ὄνομα</td>
<td>πίστιν</td>
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<tr>
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<td>πίστεις</td>
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<td>χαρίτων</td>
<td>ὄνομάτων</td>
<td>πίστεων</td>
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<td>χάρισι(ν)</td>
<td>ὄνόμασι(ν)</td>
<td>πίστεσι(ν)</td>
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<tr>
<td>χάριτας</td>
<td>ὄνόματα</td>
<td>πίστεις</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Rho final stems

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nom.</td>
<td>πατήρ</td>
<td>πατέρες</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gen.</td>
<td>πατρός</td>
<td>πατέρων</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dat.</td>
<td>πατρί</td>
<td>πατράσι(ν)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc.</td>
<td>πατρά</td>
<td>πατέρες</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

πατήρ, πατρός, ὁ = father
### -ευ final stems

<table>
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<th>Case</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nom.</td>
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<td>ἱερεῖς</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gen.</td>
<td>ἱερέως</td>
<td>ἱερέων</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dat.</td>
<td>ἱερεῖ</td>
<td>ἱερεῦσι(ν)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc.</td>
<td>ἱερεᾶ</td>
<td>ἱερεῖς</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ἵερεύς, -εως, ὁ = priest
All always means all--sometimes

- \( \pi\acute{a}z, \ \pi\acute{a}\sigma\alpha, \ \pi\acute{a}v = \text{all, every} \)

Singular (3-1-3)

- **Masc.**  
  - Nom.: \( \pi\acute{a}z \)
  - Gen.: \( \pi\acute{a}nt\acute{o}z \)
  - Dat.: \( \pi\acute{a}nt\acute{i} \)
  - Acc.: \( \pi\acute{a}nt\acute{a} \)

- **Fem.**  
  - Nom.: \( \pi\acute{a}\sigma\alpha \)
  - Gen.: \( \pi\acute{a}\sigma\eta\etaz \)
  - Dat.: \( \pi\acute{a}\sigma\eta \)
  - Acc.: \( \pi\acute{a}\sigma\alpha \)

- **Neut.**  
  - Nom.: \( \pi\acute{a}v \)
  - Gen.: \( \pi\acute{a}nt\acute{os} \)
  - Dat.: \( \pi\acute{a}nt\acute{i} \)
  - Acc.: \( \pi\acute{a}v \)
All always means all--sometimes

- \( \pi \alpha \varsigma, \ \pi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \alpha, \ \pi \dot{\alpha} \nu = \text{all, every} \)

Plural (3-1-3)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nom.</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \varepsilon \varsigma )</td>
<td>( \pi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \alpha \iota )</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \alpha )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gen.</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \omicron \nu \nu )</td>
<td>( \pi \alpha \sigma \omega \nu )</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \omicron \nu \nu )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dat.</td>
<td>( \pi \dot{\alpha} \sigma i(\nu) )</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \sigma \alpha \iota \varsigma )</td>
<td>( \pi \dot{\alpha} \sigma i(\nu) )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc.</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \alpha \varsigma )</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \sigma \alpha \varsigma )</td>
<td>( \pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \alpha )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- ἄνηρ, ἄνδρός, ὁ
- man, husband
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- βασιλεύς, -έως, ὁ
- king
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- δύναμις, -εως, η
- power, miracle
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- ὄνομα, -ματος, τό

name
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν
- each, every, all
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- πατήρ, πατρός, ὁ
- father
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- πίστις, πίστεως, ή
  faith, belief
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- πνεῦμα, -ατος, τό
  - spirit, wind
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

- σάρξ, σαρκός, ἥ
- flesh, body
Chapter 13 Vocabulary

χάρις, -ίτος, ή

grace, kindness
Congratulations

- This is a major milestone in Greek. You now know all the basic declensions for all the nouns in Greek. 2-1-2 and 3.
- Wallace notes (p. 35): 28,957 nouns in NT
  - Nom. Nouns = 7794;
  - Gen. Nouns = 7681;
  - Dat. Nouns = 4375;
  - Acc. Nouns = 8815;
  - Vocative = 292